## MONARCH GROCERY CO.

84 East Washington St. TELEPHONE 1453.

Michigan White Potatoes, per bush ...... 60c Boneless Codfish, per lb ..... 5c Family Mackerel, small, each ..... 5c Family Mackeral, large, each...... 10c Columbia River Salmon, salt, per lb. 9c Fresh Oysters, per quart......25c Clark's celebrated Catsup, regular price 25c, per bottle......15c Home-made Catsup, very fine, per

gallon......40c White Clover Honey, nothing finer, per lb......11c 

brush made......10c POULTRY. Dressed Turkeys, per lb ......12c New lot of Buttermilk Soap, best face soap, and worth 10c..... 5c Teas and Coffees at wholesale prices.

# BIG 4 ROUTE

-ACCOUNT OF-

National: Cycling: Exhibition

Tickets will be sold Jan 4 to 12, good re-turning until Jan. 15, at rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip on the certificate plan. nger trains daily. Leave Indian-Two passenger trains daily. Leave Indianapolis 11:50 a. m., 12:15 night; arrive Chicago 5:30 p. m., 7:30 a. m. Parlor dining cars on day trains. Local sleepers on night trains. All trains on this route stop regularly at Kensington, Grand Crossing, Hyde Park, Thirty-ninth street, Twenty-second street and the Illinois Central depot, only a short distance from building where Exhibition will be held. For tickets, certificates and sleeping-car accommodation, call at Big Four offices, No. 1 Eeast Washington street, 36 Jackson Place and Union Station.

H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

IT IS CONCEDED Indianapolis and Cincinnati, Dayton, Toledo and Detroit. It is the only line leaving Indianapolis in the evening by which sleeping-car accommodations can be secured for TOLEDO and DETROIT, reaching those places early following morning. Ticket offices: No. 2 West Washington Street, "Old Beehive Corner." No. 134 South Illinois street and Union Station.

#### MONON ROUTE

To Chicago and Return

Account of NATIONAL CYCLING EXHIBITION rickets will be sold Jan. 4 to 12, good returning til Jan. 15, at the rate of one and one-third fare LEAVE INDIANAPOLIS.

 30—Chicago Limited, Pullman Vesti-uled Coaches, Parlor and Dining Cars, Arrive Chicago.
No. 36—Chicago Night Express, Pallman
No. 36—Chicago Night Express, Pallman
Vestibuled Coaches and Sleepers, daily 12:35 a. m.
7:40 a. m. m., daily.

For further information call at Union Ticket Office, corner Washington and Meridian streets, Union Station and Massachusetts avenue.

I. D. BALDWIN, D. P. A.



Principe Royal Havana That's the 5-cent Cigar

It's made by the famous manufacturers, Stachelberg & Co., and sold by

DESCHLER.

Choice Brierwood and Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Holders, Humidors and finest Smoking

#### TO MUSICIANS.

This afternoon, 2 to 5 o'clock, Signor Giuseppe Vitale, the well-known New York virtuoso, will be at Carlin & Lennox's store with an assortment of choice violins. These instruments have been selected and im-ported expressly by Signor Vitale, a suf-ficient guarantee of their excellence. They are offered at bargain prices, ranging from E. Market street, Thursday, Jan. 10.

DRS. COUGHLIN & WILSON, DENTISTS. Ohio-st. Entrance. Ground Floor. THE DENISON HOTEL.

ACME MILLING COMPANY.

252 West Washington Street.

NORRIS IN JAIL.

The Alleged Detective Arrested as Suspicious Character.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 9 .- J. T. Norris, who claims to be a detective from Springfield, O., and Samuel Emery, a turfman from New York, were arrested to-day on charge of being suspicious characters. Norcharge of being suspicious characters. Norris ostensibly tried to fasten a gold brick
swindle on Thomas H. Parker. Commonwealth's Attorney Smith says Norris made
him overtures for a bribe of \$20,000 to consent to Parker being bailed. According to
Mr. Smith, Norris's scheme was to get
Parker out of jail and deliver him up in
Ohlo, where there are big rewards for him.
Emery is the person Norris said would furnish the bail bond. Their cases are set
for Jan. 17. Both men protested their innocence. Norris had with him indictments
in Pennsylvania and Ohlo drawn against nsylvania and Ohio drawn against

Rain or snow; warmer.

## Mrs. Leopard Writes a Letter

ENGLISH'S THEATER, January 9, 1895. CARL AND AMANDA LEOPARD, The When Show Window:

My Dear Children-I am aurprised at your remarks about Mr. Polar Bear. 1 regard him as a gentleman of more than ordinary culture and refinement, and he certainly has good taste. The account of his conduct was greatly exaggerated in the papers. I could not help his hugging me. Everybody wants to do that, even your papa at times. And Amanda, as it is often said that you inherit a large share of your mother's beauty, you will do well to be careful when strange people are around. Remember what I have so often told you about forming acquaintances with strangers. I want you to cultivate a graceful walk, and be more careful about the way your tail hangs. Take good care of your paws and teeth, too. Carl, be a good little leopard, and do not take your sister Amanda's beefsteak at breakfast. Also, be neat about your personal appearance, and do not wipe your chin on your elbow when eating. Be sure to keep your hair nicely combed, and do not be so slangy when you growl.

Your friend, Miss Lion, on whom you called New Year's day, tried to elope with Mr. Elephant, but Mr. and Mrs. Lion found it out, and now they will not let her leave her cage until Mr. Elephant has gone to his livery stable. Poor fellow,

he is quite downhearted. We are very anxious to see you.

MRS. PUSS LEOPARD. Your affectionate mother, P. S. I heard one of the men say that THE WHEN is selling Suits for \$10.50. that were made to sell for \$24. He said the Suits were beauties.

P. S. Be careful about sleeping in a draft.

A Good Thing--Push It Along.

## MONARCH GROCERY COMPANY S. D. PIERSON, : General Agent

No. 12 North Pennsylvania St., Indianapolis.

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#### CHICAGO and RETURN The "BELL" Trade-Mark

On the bottom of the shoe signifies that the goods have been carefully examined, and are free from any imperfections.

AT RETAIL BY-

## THE NEW YORK STORE, Indianapolis.

AT WHOLESALE-

### McKEE & CO., Indianapolis.

TENNESSEE'S MUDDLE

TWO PLANS FOR SETTLING THE CON-TEST FOR GOVERNOR.

Bills Introduced in the Legislature-Budd to Be Inaugurated in Cali-

fornia-Lewelling's Message.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 9.-The opening guns in the contest for the office of Governor were fired by the introduction in the Senate of two bills and a resolution relating to the canvass and announcement by the Legislature in joint convention of the vote. Senator Butler, Republican, introduced a resolution providing for a joint convention of the two houses next Friday to canvass the returns and announce the result according to the face of the returns. Senator Stovall, Democrat, introduced a bill for trying the contest of the office of Governor by the Legislature and that the joint convention of the Legislature shall not open and canvass the returns sent in by sheriffs until the trial of the contest is decided. Senator Caldwell, Democrat, introduced a bill which provides a plan for deciding contested elections for Governor and empowers a joint convention of the Legislature to open and canvass the returns, after a joint commission of both houses shall have taken proof and reported upon the objections filed by a claimant before the joint convention. Both bills passed the first reading. Under either bill, if enacted, the present Governor will hold over until the contest is settled and the Caldwell bill provides that such contest must be decided during the session

of the Legislature.

Both Republicans and Democrats say that the fight is on and that the struggle over the passage of either bill will be hotly contested. To-night conferences and meetings were held by the leaders and active workers of both parties, but they were secret and little is given out. It is understood that the Caldwell plan for trying the contest was indorsed by the Democratic executive committee and its attorneys. As yet no notice of contest has been served, and there is no law in this State providing for a con-test of this kind. It is expected that debate on these measures will begin to-morrow.

#### LEWELLING'S MESSAGE.

Views of the Populist Governor on

the Liquor Question. TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 9 .- Governor Lewelling's administration does not end for nearly a week, and he has taken advantage of this fact to present a very long message, about fifteen thousand words, to the Legislature. In it he says: "The people have no longer the isolated saloon to combat, but must grapple with a gigantic Whisky Trust. Public sentiment in our principal cities nullifies the prohibitory law; business men believe the liquor traffic helps business; taxpayers believe the license for saloons will lighten taxation; landlords believe saloons would fill now tenantless rooms; fashionable clubs are established where liquor is dispensed. It is not whisky, but money—business—with which the war has now to be waged. Such a war can only has now to be waged. Such a war can only be waged by taking all profit out of the liquor traffic, and this can be done only by having the government become the sole dispenser of liquors, selling them at actual cost. Prohibitory methods may be the best methods for the present, but recent experience indicates that this law was not intended to operate on all classes alike. Sheriffs and county attorneys, within whose jurisdiction are the principal cities of the State, seem to have entirely forgotten the existence of a prohibitory law until during the recent political campaign, and when they acted at all, did so, as a rule, in hostility to the police instead of acting in harmony with them. Instead of having the support and assistance of county offiin harmony with them. Instead of having the support and assistance of county officers in the enforcement of the laws, the police of the principal cities have had to contend with their open hostility, but the prohibitory amendment will remain part of our Constitution until superseded by nationalization of the liquor traffic. Eventually, the traffic will be forced to submit to the popular will." The Governor favors excluding foreign insurance companies from the State, and devotes much space to emigration, lotteries and other State matters.

The senatorial contest becomes more complicated each day, and will not shape itself The senatorial contest becomes more complicated each day, and will not shape itself for some time yet. According to the adherents of the different candidates, each makes daily gains of votes. From figures compiled by the friends of various candidates it appears that J. W. Ady leads the race. Ex-Senator Ingalis, Calvin Hood and J. R. Burton have strong followings. The

election will not occur for fifteen days, the Republicans going into caucus some time next week.

Elkins's Election Assured. CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 9.-Both branches of the Legislature met to-day, heard the Governor's long message and adjourned. Wm. G. Worley was elected President of the Senate. Populist Locknet voted with the Republicans. William Seymour Edwards was elected Speaker of the House. Hon. S. E. Elkins arrived at noon, and has headquarters at the Buffner. His wife is with him. Elkins's election is un-questioned now, as his managers named all the officers of both houses, will arrange the committees and have all the organiza-tion. The Republican caucus will meet next Friday night to nominate a candidate to

Budd to Be Inaugurated. SACRAMENTO, Cal., Jan. 9.-Unless all signs shall fail, James H. Budd will be inaugurated Governor of California at noon on Friday. The surrender of the Republicans seems to be complete. Without a dissenting vote both houses of the Legislature agreed, to-day, that the vote for Governor and Lieutenant Governor should be canvassed before the Legislature, in joint assembly, at 2 o'clock to-morrow. Subsequently a joint committee was appointed to wait on Governor-elect Budd and inform him that the Legislature was ready to arrange for his inauguration, and that they waited his pleasure.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 9 .- Counsel for the Utah Commission in the election case to-day practically admitted that there had been fraud committed in connection with the San Pete county returns, that they have been tampered without the knowledge of the commission or any of its employes and that the revelations in court were a surprise to the commission. The commission having been convinced of fraud, now express the intention of issuing certificates to the persons shown to be elected on the face of the returns. No decision has been rendered by the court.

New York Legislature. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 9 .- The winter session of New York State Legislature of 1895 was opened to-night with considerable enthusiasm and excitement. The only measure of general interest introduced during ure of general interest introduced during the session was the greater New York bill of Senator Reynolds. The Governor of the State, the Mayor of New York and the Mayor of Brooklyn are each to appoint three commissioners and the two Mayors are to act ex officio. Twenty-five thousand dollars is to be appropriated and the commission is to proceed to frame a charter.

Coffin Inaugurated Governor.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 9 .- Th inauguration of Hon. O. Vincent Coffin, of Middletown, as Governor of Connecticut, took place in the Hall of Representatives at the capitol this afternoon. There were present the members of the Senate and House, the retiring governor, Luzon B. Morris, the staffs of both governors and prominent politicians from all over the State.

Hoar Renominated. BOSTON, Jan. 9.-The Republicans have renominated George F. noar for United

States Senator. The Democrats nominated Warwick Nominated for Mayor. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9.-In the Republican city convention to-day Charles F. Warwick was nominated for mayor.

#### ATTEMPTED BRIBERY.

Three Alleged Deputy Assessors in Trouble at Chicago. CHICAGO, Jan. 9.-Through the efforts of the civic federation three men who seem to be familiar with the workings of the west town assessor's office have been arrested for attempted bribery. The men are Solomon Trout, Henry Well and Charles Neuman. It is alleged that they called on W. M. Durant, a grocer on the West Side, and for a consideration of \$15 offered to have his assessment reduced. They de-clared that Assessor Hoffman, of the West town was working in conjunction with them, and that they divided with him the money they received. Durant informed the civic federation and an agent of that organization was placed where he could hear the offer made by the men to Durant, and when he had heard enough he placed the three men under arrest. Assessor Hoffman denies all knowledge of the men or their attempted bribe. The officers of the federation expect to make some sensational developments when the men come up for a

Ignored by the Grand Jury. TOLEDO, O., Jan. 9 .- The report of the Lucas county grand jury, which body has

been in session over a week, was anxiously awaited this evening by the saloon-keepers of this city. The civic federation on Sunday last had sples visit almost every saleon in town with a view to securing evidence to show that liquor was being sold to minors and on the Sabbath day. These sples were more than successful, it is said, but whatever testimony they gave before the grand jury must have been lacking, as no indictments were returned against any saloon-keepers.

Quite a sensation was caused by the attempt on the part of Mayor Major to secure the indictment of the publisher of the Commercial for alleged fraud in bills for city advertising. An old political feud seems to have been the animus for the Mayor's action, which proved unsuccessful.

MR. CREMER'S MISSION.

The Englishman Inclined to Be Secretive-A Memorial to Cleveland.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 .- Among the passengers on the White Star line steamer Teutonic to-day was William Randall Cremer. M. P., who represents the Hafferton division of Shoreditch in the English House of Commons. Mr. Cremer is one of the party of progress, and brings with him a memorial to President Cleveland and Congress favoring arbitration on all matters in dispute between the United States and England. The memorial, of which Mr. Cremer has a large number of printed copies, bears the signatures of 345 members of Parliament. Mr. Cremer said, today: "I do not care to talk about my mission just now, although my lips are not hermetically sealed, still I consider them practically so until I deliver the document to the proper parties. I was here on a similar trip in 1887, and there is a bill in favor of my project before the House in Washington, as it was tabled last year."

When asked about the Irish question and the disruption in the ranks of the opposing Irish parties the visitor replied: "I am rather opposed to speaking on this subject, and I kept from doing so on my last visit here. Of course, I am one of the progressionists, and always will vote for home rule for Ireland, but further than this I must decline to say anything." in dispute between the United States and

#### SALE OF TROTTERS.

Good Prices Realized at New York-63 Head Sold for \$26,300.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.- The sale of trotting stock, which was commenced to-day in Madison Square Garden, is an important one, as some very high class trotting stock will be sold under the hammer during the three days the sale is on. The attendance was very large, many prominent owners and breeders being present, but the prices and breeders being present, but the prices are running low. The following were the more notable of the sales:

Property of Robert Steels, of Philadelphia—Pediar, b. s., 1887, by Electioneer-Penlope, by Mohawk Chief, to George B. Inches, Boston, \$1,300. Woodnut, ch. s., 1882, by Nutwood-Addie, by Hambletonian Chief (Hasbroucks), record 2:16½, to Joe Wederoth, Philadelphia, \$1,650; Falkland, b. s., 1886, by Happy Medium-Toto, by Princess, Charles Nolan, Philadelphia, \$1,025.

Property of Alex B. Forbes, Springfield, Mass.—Callisto, b. s., 1886, by Alcantara-Annie Page, by Dame Ihambert, to J. Ford, Mass.—Callisto, b. s., 1886, by Alcantara-Annie Page, by Dame Ihambert, to J. Ford, Hoboken, \$570.

The evening's sale opened with the sale of Aleana Hara, who, after spirited bidding, was knocked down to J. Clark, of New Brunswick, N. J., for \$10,000. Czarina, a bay mare, by Egbert, went to William Simpson, of this city, for \$2,550. The total sum realized to-day for the sixty-three lots sold was \$26,300, or an average of \$120 each.

#### ALLEGED LYNCHERS HELD.

Ex-Treasurer Scott's Supposed Slayers Bound Over for Trial.

O'NELLL, Neb., Jan. 9.-Pinkerman, Roy and Mulligan, the alleged lynchers of Barrett Scott, waived prejiminary examination to-day and were bound over in \$1,200 bonds to appear in the District Court next month. A large number of letters have been received from detectives all over the who want to be emto ferret out the mystery, one man going so far as to say he would recover the body of Barrett Scott for \$300. It is believed that the family wish o keep the name of the author of this last letter from the public until he is in the clutches of the law, and then he will be made to tell what he knows about the case, as it is supposed it was sent for the purpose I throwing the authorities off the track. Sheriff Hamilton will start out to-morro o head a party of volunteers, residents of the Niobrara valley, who will continue the search for the body. They will work on the theory that the body was thrown into the Niobrara river, and the party will be supplied with grappling hooks to drag the river, since the bed of the river is constantly shifting and is full of quicksand. There is little chance of its being located if it is really in the river.

#### PROTESTANT KNIGHTS.

New Benefit Insurance Organization Organized at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 9 .- Articles of incorporation will be filed here to-morrow for an organization to be known as the Protestant Knights of America, which is intended to be national in character and scope. Its objects will be the free distribution of the Bible, the uniting of the Protestants into a fraternal and benevolent bond, to guard and advance the interests of the public school system, to protect its members in times of adversity and to pay a death ben-efit ranging from one to three thousand dollars. All assessments, which will be month-ly, will be turned over to some trust company of St. Louis, which will be named as the trustee of the organization. The plan of organization in each State provides for a grand lodge when ten subordinate ones have been organized. The supreme council of the order will be located in St. Louis. Among the first officers are several gentlemen who are prominent throughout the country in the Odd Fellows and Ma-sonic lodges. E. M. Sloan, State secretary of the Odd Fellows, will be president of the new organization. The work of organization will begin as soon as the necessary iterature is ready.

#### KENTUCKY FEUD RENEWED.

Judge Kinkead Attempts to Stab W. N. Lane at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Jan. 9.-The old grudge between Judge George B. Kinkead and Wm. N. Lane broke out this afternoon in the Phoenix Hotel. Kinkead was talking to Lieutenant Governor Alford, when Lane came up, and Kinkead, thinking he was making a motion to draw a pistol, pulled a large clasp knife and attempted to cut Lane. Alford pushed Lane backward and then held Kinkead. Lane began curs-ing and abusing Kinkead, and the Judge broke loose from Alford and tried again to ing and abusing Kinkead, and the Judge broke loose from Alford and tried again to "knife" Lane. The latter got away and no blood was spilt, but friends of both men say there will be a deadly encounter the first time they meet. Lane is the man who, with Desha Breckinridge, met Judge Kinkead on the street shortly after Col. Breckinridge's defeat and cursed him and called him bad names. Lane was a strong supporter of Breckinridge, while Kinkeas made the bitterest speeches delivered against the Colonel, and was the leader of the anti-Breckinridge Democrats.

Three Men Drowned in Salt River. SHEPHERDSVILLE, Ky., Jan. 9.—While attempting to save a raft of sawlogs in Salt river, W. S. Bowman, Thomas MacLure and Willy Prentwood were carried away by the current and drowned. Creane & Wilson had about two thousand logs in the river, anchored to the shore with ropes, and when the three young men saw the logs were about to float away they walked out on some of them to fasten the ropes more securely. Before they had accom-plished this the ropes broke and they were carried down the river and over the falls at a terrific rate.

Turfman Kills His Foreman. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 9.-Capt. Wm. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 9.—Capt. Wm. Cheatham, a prominent farmer and well-known turfman living near this city, shot and fatally wounded the foreman of his dairy, H. C. King, last night. The two men quarreled about Captain Cheatham's treatment of a negro boy on the farm. A scuffle ensued, and, drawing a pistol, Cheatham fired on King. The bullet entered the abdomen and produced death in a short while.

CARLISLE'S BILL CUT DOWN IN THE FLOWER OF ITS YOUTH.

It Was Not Permitted to Reach the Voting Age, but Was Killed at the First Chance Its Enemies Had.

SPECIAL RULE REJECTED

THE HOUSE REFUSED TO ORDER THE PREVIOUS QUESTION,

And the Administrationists Were Forced to Witness Their Measure Smothered on the Calendar.

THE VOTE STOOD 129 TO 124

SECRETARY CARLISLE MUCH CHA-GRINED, BUT STILL UNDAUNTED.

Conference Late Last Night, at Which It Was Determined to Attempt to Resuscitate the Corpsc.

SENATORS READY TO ACT

FAULKNER'S PROPOSITION, WITH MODIFICATIONS, TO BE PUSHED.

No Probability that Any Bill Will Pass that Does Not Make Concessions to the Blandites.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 .- The Carlisle currency bill was fairly slaughtered in the House to-day. By a vote of 129 to 124 the House refused to pass the resolution of the rules committee ordering the previous question on the bill for Friday afternoon. But it is an error on the part of the friends of the bill to claim, as they do, that the 124 votes supporting the rules committee is the legitimate strength of the bill. The bill itself would never have commanded that vote. Mr. Carlisle appears to have been pitifully mistaken in his estimate of the strength of his measure. Of the 124 votes cast to-day seemingly in favor of his bill scarcely a hundred would have voted for the bill itself. More than a score of Democrats-Dockery, Fithian, Culberson, Sayres and others-voted to sustain the rules committee simply because the caucus had determined that the rules committee should bring in the report it did, and being therefore a mere question of parliamentary procedure, they felt bound to abide by the will of the caucus. The bill itself was a totally separate proposition, and, being a matter of policy and not of procedure, they would not have been bound by the

It is evident to every one that to-day's defeat, humiliating as it was, spared Secretary Carlisle the pain of even a more crushing defeat when the vote would have been taken. Speaker Crisp and the rules committee knew they were defeated before the committee made its report. This explains the promptness with which Mr. McCreary arose after the vote was announced and moved consideration of the diplomatic appropriation bill. He had been instructed to do so by Speaker Crisp before the House met. The apparent stubbornness of Mr. Outhwaite, who had the rules resolution in charge, is similarly explained. He knew he was beaten and that it was a mere waste of time to permit any efforts to amend the resolution. Hence immediately after its defeat he withdrew the report, thus cutting off any chance to pass it in an amended form. The currency bill being now displaced by appropriation bills takes its place on the calendar, but as the banking and currency is one of the privileged committees it can be called up at any time when the appropriations committee will yield it time. Whether it will be called up again and in a totally new shape be placed before the House anew is a

WILLING TO ACCEPT ANYTHING. Secretary Carlisle knew of his defeat before it was announced in the House. for the vote was sent to him and to the President over the government's private telegraph wire between the Capitol and the White House. He hurried to the Capitol, but found no encouragement. To-night he is absolutely discouraged. He persists in his solicitation to the President to send Congress a message urging action. He is willing to accept anything. A bill authorizing the issue of low-rate bonds to redeem the legal tenders and the coining of the seigniorage will be satisfactory to him. Indeed, as already stated, he will approve of anything short of free silver.

The men who are behind the compromise outlined in these dispatches Monday night are quick to see their chance. Unfortunately, the free silver men are recognizing the absolute nelplessness of the administration and are raising the price of their support. Mr. Vest's hasty denunciation of the compromise as "rot" has been sharply criticised by some of the Democratic Senators to-day. They recall that Mr. Vest was wont to denounce the Gorman tariff bill day after day with all the severity that his able vocabulary of vituperation could supply, but in the end he voted for it. It is hinted that Mr. Vest may be found in just as silly an attitude again. The Democratic leaders of the Senate, with Mr. Gorman at the head, are in hourly conference, and a final effort will be made to do something.

So far as the future of currency legislation is concerned, the situation returns to the statement in the dispatch of Monday night-the new currency bill will either embody the essential elements of what is known as the Faulkner comaremise or there will be no bill. It is

as to which horn of the dilemma the Democratic party will prefer, but it cannot be stated with too much force that the new bill will recognize the demands of the silver men. The Faulkner compromise provides for the coinage of fifty millions a year. Congress will do well if it succeeds in buying the silver votes of the Senate at that price, for the silver men command the situa-

SENATE URGED TO ACT. Telegrams have been pouring in on the leading members of the Senate tonight impressing on them the necessity for some action. This demand is the demand of the business men, who are indifferent to the politics of the situation. There is no request for any bill on the lines of the late Carlisle plan or even on the Baltimore plan. Both are hopelessly dead. A bill which will stop the outflow of gold from the treasury and will not revolutionize the existing national bank system is the only measure demanded, and to pass such a bill the silver men must be bought. The only questions that remain are the price to be paid for the silver votes and the willingness of President Cleveland to ratify any bargain that will be made

with them. Senator Voorhees, on hearing of the defeat of the Carlisle bill in the House. immediately called a special meeting of the finance committee for to-morrow morning. Mr. Voorhees is determined that something must be done, but that "something" must include ample provision for silver. It will surprise no one in the Senate to see Mr. Voorhees introducing a bill in the nature of the Faulkner compromise. Leading Democratic Senators to-night offered to lay wagers that Mr. Vest, who yesterday denounced the Faulkner compromise as "rot," will advocate a measure before long differing only from that plan in making the coinage of silver unlimited. Whether the compromise measure will make its first appearance in the House or the Senate is undecided. It is a pure matter of detail as to where it originates. The attitude of the administration is of far more importance. If Mr. Cleveland opposes it can hardly pass the House, even with the active co-operation of Speaker Crisp, who is known to favor it. In that case there will be no bill, and as Chairman Wilson, of the ways and means committee, admitted to-day at this session the only course for the President to pursue will be to call an early extra session of the Fifty-fourth

Congress. Of the Indiana delegation Messrs. Brookshire, Holman, Hammond, Taylor, Bretz and Martin voted for the resolution of the rules committee to-day, while Messrs. Waugh and Conn voted against it. Messrs, Brown, Cooper, McNagny and Bynum would have voted in its favor if they had been here, and Mr. Johnson was paired against it.

Will Try It Again. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.-There was a conference at Secretary Carlisle's house at which the Secretary discussed until nearly midnight the possibilities of action with Speaker Crisp, Chairman Springer and others. It was finally decided to make another effort three or four days from now to pass a rule from the rules committee ordering the previous question on the Carlisle bill, for the Secretary still believes that with the aid of a special message of the President he can drag over enough Democrats into line to pass the bill. In order to win the silver men who to-day solidly voted against the rule the new rule will permit Mr. Bland's substitute bill to be voted on and will make ample provision for another amendment. This is Mr. Carlisle's last hope.

#### HOW IT WAS SLAUGHTERED.

The Vote on Ordering the Previous

Question on the Special Rule. WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.-The Carlisle curency bill, which has been under debate in the House for about two weeks, was ignominiously ditched to-day. It had not strength enough to surmount the first parliamentary obstacle placed in its path. The committee on rules, in obedience to the decree of the Democratic caucus on Monday, brought in an order to close general debate and proceed under the five-minute rule until Saturday when the final vote should be taken, but the supporters of the bill showed lamentable weakness. They were unable to order the previous question, the demand, therefore, being refused, first by a rising vote of 92 to 101, and then on a yea and nay vote by 124 to 129. The advocates of the bill were dumbfounded when they discovered that they had been beaten in the preliminary skirmish and the order was withdrawn. This was the first reverse the committee on rules had suffered in four years. An analysis of the vote shows that all of the 124 votes in favor of the motion were cast by Democrats while eighty-two Republicans, thirty-nine Democrats and eight Populists voted against it. Of the thirty-nine Democratic votes against the motion it was pointed out that twenty-four were cast by Democrats defeated for re-election. After the vote the diplomatic and postoffice appropriation bills were passed. The former carries \$1,562,118 and the latter \$89,442,952.

There was a good attendance on the floor at noon when Speaker Crisp dropped the gavel as notice had been given that a special order to terminate general debate on the currency bill would be reported from the committee on rules. The conference report on the military academy appropriation bill was adopted on motion of

Mr. Outhwaite. Mr. Robins asked unanimous consent to consider the Senate bill granting American registry to the steamer Empress, of Philadelphia, but Mr. Baker objected and Mr. English demanded the regular

order. As soon as the committee had been called for reports, Mr. Outhwaite presented the special order from the committee on rules. The order provided for the closing of general debate, the consideration of the Springer substitute as an original bill under the five-minute rule to-day, to-morrow and Friday, until 4:30, when is provided for the report of the bill and pending amendments to the House for a final vote on Saturday immediately after the morning hour. Mr. Outhwaite demanded the previous question when the reading of the rule had been completed.

BRIEFLY SPIRITED DEBATE Some confusion was caused by the volley of questions from members which followed Mr. Outhwaite's demand, members being anxious to ascertain the status of amendments after the adoption of the order, Mr. Springer, chairman of the committee on

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

FLIGHT OF THE STATE TREASURER OF SOUTH DAKOTA.

William Walter Taylor, of Redfield, Formerly a Resident of Lafayette,

SAID TO BE SHORT \$350,000

Ind., a Fugitive Defaulter.

HIS BANK CLOSED AND A FEDERAL EXAMINER IN POSSESSION.

His Real Estate and Personal Property Transferred Before He Fled from Home.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK

INDICATING THAT THE EMBEZZLER IS SOMEWHERE IN THE EAST.

His Bondsmen and Many Tradesmen in Straits-Ohio Bank Robbed of \$10,000 by Burglars.

REDFIELD, S. D., Jan. 9 .- Probably the most startling failure that has ever occurred in South Dakota or the Northwest was revealed to-day in word received from William Walter Taylor, the outgoing State Treasurer and president of the First National Bank and Northwestern Mortgage Company, of this city, that he would not appear to make his statement at Pierre with his successor, Treasurer-elect Philips, of Deadwood. The news caused surprise, because both Taylor and the finacial institutions with which he was connected were regarded as firm and reliable beyond question. The news from Pierre demonstrates that no money is held there to the credit of the State Treasurer and none is held in the bank here. It is estimated that about \$350,000 is missing with Taylor. Aside from the financial loss the action of Taylor is felt by all who have known and done business with him and the financial enterprise with which he has been connected in years past. He and his enterof Eastern capital and his bank here has always been regarded as one of the firm safe institutions in the State. On Tuesday morning Taylor's bank here

opened, for business as usual and the cashier, W. R. Humphrey, states that it held 50 per cent. of deposits in cash and in bonds of approved reserve agents in the East. There was a quiet run on the bank Tuesday by persons who had their suspicions aroused by receiving private information from Pierre that Taylor had not shown up there and that something was wrong. The bank officials decided to close the bank subject to examination by the Controller of the currency and that official was notifled at once. The action was taken for the protection of the bank and its many depositors. Cashier Humphrey declares that the deposits will be paid in full as soon as the government examiner concludes his examination as there is an excess of fully \$60,000 in good paper besides about 40 per cent. deposited in other banks. The bank here is not compromised financially by Taylor's default. It is stated authoritatively that after the examination of the bank and its credit is restored it will reorganize and open up for business.

bondsmen, many of whom reside here and are representative and leading business men of Redfield. WENT TO NEW YORK. Taylor was last seen in Chicago on Jan. 4 by a citizen of this place. He went from Chicago to New York, since which time no information has been received as to his whereabouts and it is not known whether the State or his bondsmen have been protected in any way or not by him. No bank elsewhere is involved in the default. Pierre banks were suspicious of Taylor's absence

The worst blow falls upon Taylor and his

and withdrew their deposits from the bank here before the bank closed The following letter was received to-day under date of Jan. 6, by the bank here. The envelope was postmarked New York, Jan. 6. It will throw important light on the matter and settle all doubt as to Mr.

Taylor's disappearonce: "Dear Frank-I am compelled to inform you that I will not return to Redfield or Pierre. I have counted on friends assisting in making up my settlement with the State and felt that it would be done until the last few days. I feel relieved to know the First National of Redfield is not in any way rightfully compromised by my misfortune and hope that its patrons will believe you as they should, for you have always kept the bank's affairs in good safe condition. There is no reason why the bank should not continue its business. I offer no excuse for my condition, although I have many and believe myself.

It develops that a mortgage reached Redfield Wednesday morning and was duly filed in the register of deeds office, transferring to a company in Chicago all his real estate and chattels in this city and Spink county. Next to the State the blow falls terribly hard on Taylor's principal bondsmen who reside here. They qualified in sums representing all they have in the world. The entire city used the bank for a depository, hence a paralysis has affected all the arter-

ies of trade. Taylor is about forty-one years old, married, but has no children. He came to Redfield from Lafayette, Ind., about the fall of 1885 and opened a banking business. He soon secured the entire field, two other banks going out of business. Taylor got into politics and secured the nomination for State treasurer at the Republican convention at Mitchell in 1890 and in 1892 secured the re-nomination for the same office at Madison. As an indication of his genera standing heretofore in the State and the utter lack of suspicion as to any questionable designs it is noted that Governor Sheldon pays a compliment to Taylor's efficiency in his message to the Legislature. Controller Eckeis has wired that Examiner Zimmerman has been ordered to come here

at once and take charge of the bank. Taylor Not in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 .- Numerous inquiries from the West reached banking houses today in regard to the whereabouts of W. W. Taylor, who, as outgoing State Treasurer of South Dakota, failed to appear to ture over his office to his successor, and against whom an alleged shortage in the State funds is recorded. As proprietor of a small bank in Redfield Taylor did business with the Chase National Bank, of this city. According to President H. W. Cannon, of the Chase National Bank, his accounts with that institution are all right, his indebted-

ness being amply secured.

Mr. Cannon said to-night relative to the matter: "Mr. Taylor was here about five weeks ago on a matter of business connected with the bank. I have not seen him since, and I have no idea where he is.